

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA)	
)	
v.)	Criminal No. 14-12 Erie
)	
DOHERTY KUSHIMO)	(18 U.S.C. §§1349 and
SABURI ADEYEMI)	1028A(a)(1))
ABIODUN BAKRE)	
ADETUNJI GBADEGESHI)	(Under Seal)
ADEBOLA MEJULE)	

SUPERSEDING INDICTMENT

The grand jury charges:

FILED
APR - 8 2014
CLERK U.S. DISTRICT COURT
WEST. DIST. OF PENNSYLVANIA

INTRODUCTION

At all times material to this Superseding Indictment:

1. Defendant DOHERTY KUSHIMO was a resident of Providence, Rhode Island.
2. Defendant SABURI ADEYEMI was a resident of Memphis, Tennessee.
3. Defendant ABIODUN BAKRE was a resident of Ozone Park, Borough of Queens, New York.
4. Defendant ADETUNJI GBADEGESHI was a resident of Rosedale, Borough of Queens, New York.
5. Defendant ADEBOLA MEJULE was a resident of Hempstead, New York.
6. The Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") was an agency of the United States Department of the Treasury responsible for

enforcing and administering the tax laws of the United States and collecting taxes owed to the United States.

7. The standard form used by United States citizens to file individual federal income tax returns was the Form 1040. On a Form 1040, taxpayers were required to report, among a variety of items, their wages, withholdings and applicable tax credits. Based on the information reported in Form 1040s, the United States Treasury either required taxpayers to pay additional taxes or refunded excess tax payments to taxpayers.

8. The IRS allowed taxpayers to file their tax returns via the United States mail, electronically ("e-file") with commercial tax software such as TurboTax, or electronically through a paid tax preparer.

9. The United States Treasury paid tax refunds in the form of United States treasury checks sent to the taxpayer via the United States Postal Service, or direct deposit wire transfers into the bank account(s) or debit card(s) designated by the taxpayer on their federal tax return.

10. A "means of identification" was any name or number that may be used, alone or in conjunction with other information, to identify a specific individual, including but not limited to, a name, Social Security number, driver's license number or date of birth.

THE CONSPIRACY AND ITS OBJECTS

11. From in and around December 2005, and continuing thereafter until in and around March 2014, in the Western District of Pennsylvania, and elsewhere, the defendants, DOHERTY KUSHIMO, SABURI ADEYEMI, ABIODUN BAKRE, ADETUNJI GBADEGESHI, ADEBOLA MEJULE and others, both known and unknown to the grand jury, knowingly, willfully and unlawfully conspired and agreed together to commit the crime of wire fraud, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1343.

MANNER AND MEANS OF THE CONSPIRACY

12. It was part of the conspiracy that the Co-Conspirators unlawfully obtained the means of identification, including, but not limited to, names, Social Security numbers, and dates of birth, of thousands of individuals.

13. It was further a part of the conspiracy that the Co-Conspirators shared the stolen means of identification with each other using email and other means of communication.

14. It was further a part of the conspiracy that the Co-Conspirators filed, or caused to be filed with the IRS, false and fraudulent Form 1040s using the unlawfully obtained means of identification. The fraudulent Form 1040s were completed using falsified information on the tax return including falsified wages earned, taxes withheld, allowable tax credits and other data. The fraudulent Form 1040s were drafted to make it appear as though the

tax return filers, whose means of identification had been stolen, were entitled to tax refunds.

15. It was further a part of the conspiracy that the Co-Conspirators valued identities of individuals who were unlikely to file a legitimate federal tax return ("clean" stolen identities) to use for the submission of false and fraudulent Form 1040s to the IRS. By using "clean" stolen identities, the Co-Conspirators sought to minimize their risk of detection because the use of "clean" stolen identities would reduce the occasions where the Co-Conspirators filed a fraudulent tax return using a stolen identity after the actual taxpayer had already filed a legitimate tax return, thereby possibly putting the IRS on notice that a fraud was occurring.

16. It was further a part of the conspiracy that the Co-Conspirators procured false identification documents, including but not limited to, driver's licenses and Social Security cards, that were used to open bank accounts at numerous financial institutions throughout the United States, including but not limited to, Widget Financial (formerly Erie General Electric Federal Credit Union, Erie, Pennsylvania), PNC Bank (Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania), Treasury Department Federal Credit Union (Washington, D.C.), Air Force Academy Credit Union (Colorado), Pennsylvania State Employees Credit Union (Harrisburg, Pennsylvania), Red Canoe Credit Union (Longview, Washington), Rutgers Federal Credit Union (New Brunswick, New Jersey) Lake Michigan Federal Credit Union (Grand Rapids, Michigan)

and Windward Credit Union (Oahu, Hawaii) using the stolen means of identification that the Co-Conspirators had obtained.

17. It was further a part of the conspiracy that when the fraudulent bank accounts were opened by the Co-Conspirators, addresses, phone numbers and email accounts were provided to the financial institutions which were different than those actually belonging to those individuals whose means of identification had been stolen. The fraudulent addresses, phone numbers and email accounts were provided so that those individuals whose identities had been stolen would not be notified of the fraud. The fraudulent addresses, phone numbers and email addresses were either under the control of the Co-Conspirators or were accessible to the Co-Conspirators so that it would be more difficult for the financial institutions to discover the fraud.

18. It was further a part of the conspiracy that when opening the fraudulent bank accounts, the Co-Conspirators verified the false addresses listed on the fraudulent account applications by providing the banks with false and altered documents, such as fake utility statements.

19. It was further a part of the conspiracy that these fraudulently opened bank accounts were then used as repositories for the fraudulently obtained federal tax refunds.

20. It was further a part of the conspiracy that the Co-Conspirators then removed the tax refunds from the fraudulently opened bank accounts under their control, spent a portion of the ill-gotten funds, deposited some of the illegally obtained funds into their legitimate personal bank accounts, sent a portion of the illegal proceeds to Nigeria and dispersed the funds in other unknown ways.

21. It was further a part of the conspiracy that the Co-Conspirators obtained credit cards using the stolen means of identification that they had obtained. The Co-Conspirators then shared these credit cards with each other and even used the stolen identity credit cards in furtherance of the conspiracy. For example, Defendant DOHERTY KUSHIMO used a credit card obtained using the means of identification of R.C. to purchase Internet anonymizing software.

22. It was further a part of the conspiracy that the Co-Conspirators also obtained, via the Internet, credit card numbers with the corresponding security codes, shared these credit card numbers and security codes with each other and used these unlawfully procured credit card numbers without the permission of the lawful holders of the credit cards.

23. It was further a part of the conspiracy that relative to the illegal procurement and use of credit cards and credit card numbers, the Co-Conspirators sought individuals with good credit so

as to ensure that the use of credit in these individuals' stolen identities would be more fruitful. In seeking victims with good credit, the Co-Conspirators checked the credit of numerous individuals by accessing, via the Internet, the victims' personal credit history information on credit reporting websites and publicly available databases.

24. It was further a part of the conspiracy that the Co-Conspirators conducted their activities and transactions in a manner designed to conceal their criminal activity and frustrate law enforcement, including: (a) e-filing fraudulent tax returns using Internet based services like TurboTax by using the names of identity theft victims; (b) using coded and ambiguous language to refer to various aspects of the conspiracy; (c) avoiding the use of their real names and instead referring to each other by nicknames or coded names; (d) using prepaid cell phones (also known as "drop phones") which they changed on a regular basis; (e) obtaining and using software which allowed them to remain anonymous on the Internet; (f) using multiple email accounts that were not in their own names and changing email accounts regularly; and (g) using wireless air cards to connect to the Internet and avoiding the use of static Internet connections so as to frustrate law enforcement's ability to pinpoint the location of their Internet use.

25. In total, the conspiracy to commit wire fraud caused approximately 2,400 fraudulent Form 1040 federal income tax returns to be filed with the United States Treasury, sought more than approximately \$21 million in tax refunds and caused actual losses to the United States Treasury of approximately \$10 million.

In violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1349.

COUNTS TWO THROUGH THIRTEEN

The grand jury further charges:


26. Paragraphs 1 through 25 are realleged and incorporated herein as if fully set forth.

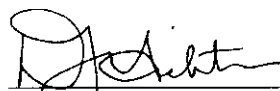
27. On or about the dates set forth below, within the Western District of Pennsylvania and elsewhere, the defendants listed below, during and in relation to the felony violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1349 (conspiracy to commit wire fraud), as set forth in Count One, did knowingly transfer, possess and use, and cause to be transferred, possessed and used, without lawful authority, a means of identification of another person, that is, the name and Social Security number of another person (listed below by initials only).

COUNT	DEFENDANTS	DATE	INDIVIDUAL
TWO	BAKRE	March 2011	J.H.
THREE	KUSHIMO BAKRE	November 2011	R.B.
FOUR	KUSHIMO BAKRE	December 2011	D.M.L.
FIVE	KUSHIMO BAKRE	December 2011	J.H.
SIX	KUSHIMO BAKRE	January 2012	M.P.
SEVEN	KUSHIMO	April 2012	D.M.
EIGHT	BAKRE	July 2012	R.T.
NINE	KUSHIMO	July 2012	D.A.W.
TEN	KUSHIMO BAKRE	August 2012	D.W.M
ELEVEN	BAKRE	September 2012	M.L.S.
TWELVE	KUSHIMO	September 2012	D.K.
THIRTEEN	KUSHIMO	October 2012	J.L.

In violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section
1028A(a)(1).

A True Bill,


FOREPERSON



DAVID J. HICKTON
United States Attorney
PA ID No. 34524